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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/008,443	12/03/2001	Yasumasa Mizushima	6640/66050 5171	
7590 02/04/2005			EXAMINER	
COOPER & DUNHAM LLP			SUAZO, RAINIER A	
1185 Avenus of the Americas New York, NY 10036			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2144	2144

DATE MAILED: 02/04/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Applicati n N .	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Comment	10/008,443	MIZUSHIMA ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner,	Art Unit			
	Rainier Suazo	2144			
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL' THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1: after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period volume to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time y within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the application to become ABANDONE.	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 03 D	<u>ecember 2001</u> .				
2a) ☐ This action is FINAL . 2b) ☒ This	action is non-final.				
	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.				
Disposition of Claims					
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-25 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1-25 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	wn from consideration.				
Application Papers	·				
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.					
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>03 December 2001</u> is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)□ objected to by the Examiner.					
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	*				
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority document application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	s have been received. s have been received in Applicati rity documents have been receive u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage			
Attachment(s)	∧ □	(070,440)			
1) Motice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	4) Ll Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da				
Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 10/20/2003.		atent Application (PTO-152)			

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DETAILED ACTION

1. Claims 1-25 are presented pending in this application.

Objections

2. The title of the invention is not descriptive. A new title is required that is clearly indicative of the invention to which the claims are directed.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102(e)

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.
- 3. Claims 1-5, 7-12, 14-19 and 21-25 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Owens et al. (US 6,633,630), hereinafter "Owens".
- 4. Regarding claim 1,

Owens taught an information processing apparatus for processing a transmission message among a plurality of sites connected via a network, the apparatus comprising: a message reception part that receives a message to execute a prescribed piece of reception processing (abstract, figs. 1-2 and column 7 lines 22-24); a rule accumulation part that accumulates a plurality of rules for executing message processing (abstract, figs.1-2 and column 7 lines 24-28); a message conversion part that executes message conversion

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processing according to the plurality of rules accumulated in the rule accumulation part (abstract, figs. 1-2, column 7 lines 30-31 and column 10 lines 49-52); and a message transmission part that executes a prescribed piece of transmission processing of the converted message (abstract, figs. 1-2 and column 7 lines 28-30).

5. Regarding claim 8,

Owens taught an information processing method for processing a transmission message among a plurality of sites connected via a network, the method comprising the steps of receiving a message to execute a prescribed piece of reception processing (abstract, figs. 1-2 and column 7 lines 22-24); accumulating a plurality of rules for executing pieces of message processing (abstract, figs.1-2 and column 7 lines 24-28); executing message conversion processing according to accumulated by the accumulating step (abstract, figs. 1 and 2, column 7 lines 30-31 and column 10 lines 49-52); the plurality of rules and executing a prescribed piece of transmission processing of the converted message (abstract, figs. 1-2 and column 7 lines 28-30).

6. Regarding claim 15,

Owens taught a network system comprising: a message reception part that receives a message (abstract, figs. 1-2 and column 7 lines 22-24) to execute a prescribed piece of reception a rule accumulation part that accumulates rules for executing pieces of message processing (abstract, figs. 1-2 and column 7 lines 24-28); a message conversion part that executes message conversion processing according to the plurality of rules accumulated in the rule

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accumulation part (abstract, figs. 1-2, column 7 lines 30-31 and column 10 lines 49-52); and a message transmission part that executes a prescribed piece of transmission processing of the converted message (abstract, figs. 1-2 and column 7 lines 28-30).

7. Regarding claims 2, 9 and 16,

Owens taught a system further a part that starts a corresponding application on the prescribed server to execute message conversion processing when no suitable rules exist in the rule accumulation part (column 10 lines 62-64).

8. Regarding claims 3, 10 and 17,

Owens taught a system wherein the message conversion part converts the message into a prescribed format according to a transmission origin of the message and contents of the message (column 10 line 65 to column 11 line 3, column 11 lines 51-61).

9. Regarding claims 4, 11 and 18,

Owens taught a system, wherein the message conversion part specifies a transmission destination of the message according to a transmission origin of the message and contents of the message (column 11 lines 56-61).

10. Regarding claims 5, 12 and 19,

Owens taught a system wherein the message conversion part performs automatic protocol conversion according to a message transmission destination specified according to a transmission origin of the message and contents of the message (fig. 9, column 2 lines 52-57, column 10 lines 52-56 and column 13 lines 63-65).

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11. Regarding claim 7, 14 and 21,

Owens taught a method/apparatus/network system comprising: a message broker that commits to an application processing of data (abstract, figs. 1-2 and column 7 lines 22-24) that becomes necessary when message conversion is performed among the plurality of sites (abstract, figs. 1 and 2, column 7 lines 30-31 and column 10 lines 49-52); a message translator that performs mutual conversion between message formats according to a prescribed conditional sentence in response to an arrival of a field serving as a trigger in a message format (abstract, figs. 1 and 2, column 7 lines 30-31, column 10 lines 49-52, column 10 line 65 to column 11 line 3, column 11 lines 51-61) .; message router that adds a destination address to the message according to a prescribed piece of identification information contained in the message (column 11 lines 56-61, figs. 1-2 and column 7 lines 28-30); a B2B connector that provides a message exchange interface between a system and a site outside the system (column 10 lines 24-61 and figs. 1,6 and 7-9); and a gateway that provides a local message exchange interface between the system and a local site inside the system (column 13 line 46 to column 14 line 15 and figs. 1 and 12). 12. Regarding claims 22-25.

Owens taught a system comprising parts for: receiving a message to execute a prescribed piece of reception processing (column 7 lines 12-41); accumulating a plurality of rules for executing the message processing (column 7 lines 41-50 and column 8 lines 11-42); executing message conversion processing according to a corresponding one of the plurality of rules accumulated by the rule

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accumulation step (c lumn 8 lines 27-42); and executing a prescribed piece of transmission processing of the converted message (column 8 lines 36-42).

Owens disclosure is related to networked environments with servers and computers (see figure 4), such equipment was well known in the art; and inherently used computer software, recording medium, computer program, computer executable readable medium and apparatuses (see for example column 20 line 7).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 13. Claims 6, 13 and 20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Owens et al. (US 6,633,630), hereinafter "Owens" in view of Matsuo (US 5,634,005) hereinafter "Matsuo".
- 14. Regarding claims 6, 13 and 20,

Owens taught a system substantially as claimed, however Owens did not expressively teach that the message conversion part executes encryption processing that corresponds to a message to a transmission destination that is specified according transmission origin of the message and contents of the message.

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Matsuo, in the same field of invention related to facilitate and automate transmission of electronic mail messages, taught conditionally using encryption for automatic messages processing using rules (figs. 6-9 and column 9 lines 8-25).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to modify the methods/systems of <u>Owens</u> with the teachings of <u>Matsuo</u>. <u>Owens</u> motivated the exploration of the art of electronic mail communication (abstract, figs. 1-3 and column 7 lines 37-41) and the use of rules to process messages (column 8 lines 36-42). The art exploration motivate by <u>Owens</u> is, at least in part, the subject matter of Matsuo (see title, abstract field of invention and column 1line 40 to column 2 line 15). The modification would improve <u>Owens</u> system by providing a system that receives a message and determine actions to be performed with the message and the message further transmission including using encryption procedures to send encrypted messages (<u>Matsuo</u>, column 4 lines 50-57) or decrypt a received encrypted message, therefore providing a more secure systems to protect end-users sensitive data.

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Conclusion

15. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to

applicant's disclosure. See attached PTO-892 for details.

16. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from

the examiner should be directed to Rainier Suazo whose telephone number is

(571) 272-3931. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through

Friday, 8:00-5:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the

examiner's supervisor, William Cuchlinski can be reached on (571) 272-3925.

The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding

is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from

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free).

Rainier Suazo, MBA Patent Examiner Art Unit 2144

WILLIAM A. CUCHLINSKI, JR. SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER

TECHNOLOGY CENTER 3600